Income and Exclusions

- 1. Annual income includes any amounts monetary or not, which go directly to, or on behalf of any family member.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 2. Imputed welfare income included in the determination of annual income includes the amount of welfare benefits that have been reduced due to the expiration of a lifetime or other time limit on the payment of welfare benefits.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 3. Lump-sum Social Security and SSI payments are included in annual income.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 4. The special pay to a family member serving in the Armed Forces who is exposed to hostile fire is excluded from annual income.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 5. A tenant family residing in Public Housing can only switch from paying flat rent to income-based rent at their annual recertification.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 6. The head of a tenant family receives monthly welfare benefits of \$500. She enrolls in a qualifying State employment training program and begins to receive monthly training income of \$800, and her welfare benefits stop. What amount of monthly income would you include for this family member?
 - a. 0
 - b. \$300
 - c. \$500
 - d. \$800
 - e. \$1,300

- 7. Which of the following statements is NOT true of the earned income disallowance in Public Housing?
 - a. A qualified family includes a family residing in Public Housing whose annual income increases as a result of increased earnings of a family member during participation in any economic self-sufficiency or other job-training program.
 - b. For 12 cumulative months, a qualified family member will receive a full exclusion of the increase in annual income as a result of earnings.
 - c. For 12 cumulative months, a qualified family member will receive a phase-in exclusion of 50% of the increase in annual income as a result of earnings.
 - d. The disallowance of increases in income as a result of employment does not apply for purposes of admission to the program.
 - e. A PHA must provide Individual Savings Accounts as an alternative to the disallowance of increases in income as a result of employment.
- 8. Annual income includes:
 - a. Earnings of a 17-year (not head of household or spouse) who is no longer in school
 - b. Interest from a savings account of a 6-year old child
 - c. Amounts received under a Plan to Attain Self-Sufficiency (PASS)
 - d. Resident service stipend
 - e. Medical expenses reimbursed to the family

Assets and Asset Income

- 9. The net cash value of assets is used to determine the imputed asset income.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 10. The HUD passbook rate is published annually in the *Federal Register*.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 11. If the net cash value of all assets exceeds \$5000, use the greater of imputed asset income or anticipated income to determine the final asset income.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 12. An asset that has been disposed of for less than fair market value is included:
 - a. For two years from the date it was disposed of
 - b. By calculating the difference between market value and actual amount received
 - c. When disposal was due to a separation or divorce
 - d. All of the above
 - e. Both a and b

- 13. Assets do not include:
 - a. Certificates of Deposit
 - b. Interest in Indian Trust lands
 - c. Coin collection held as an investment
 - d. Savings account of a minor
 - e. Stocks and bonds

Adjusted Income

- 14. The adjusted income is calculated by subtracting deductions from the annual income.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 15. The allowable disability assistance expense is the amount of the expense that is in excess of 3% of the annual income for the member of the family who is a person with disabilities.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 16. In order for a family to qualify for medical expenses the family must be a disabled family or an elderly family.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 17. Disability assistance expenses are allowed if they enable a family member to work, seek work, or attend school.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 18. Childcare expenses included are the amounts paid by the family for the care of children under 14 years of age.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 19. Childcare expenses are only allowed if they enable a family member to work or attend school.
 - a. True
 - b. False

- 20. The dependent allowance is:
 - a. \$400 for each household
 - b. \$400 per dependent
 - c. \$480 for each household
 - d. \$480 per dependent
 - e. None of the above
- 21. The elderly/disabled family allowance is:
 - a. \$400 for any elderly or disabled family
 - b. \$400 for each person who is elderly or disabled
 - c. \$480 for any elderly or disabled family
 - d. \$480 for each person who is elderly or disabled
 - e. \$400 for the first family member who is elderly or person with disabilities, then \$480 for each person thereafter
- 22. Which of the following statements is not true of child care expenses?
 - a. The expense must enable a family member to work, seek work, or attend school
 - b. Child care expenses for foster children residing in the home are included
 - c. The expense must be reasonable as determined by the PHA
 - d. Only unreimbursed amounts are to be included as a deduction
 - e. All of the above statements are true

HCV AND PUBLIC HOUSING PRE-TEST

Review the family described below, and mark the letter corresponding to the correct answer to each of questions 23 through 25 on your answer sheet.

Head age 49

Spouse age 45, with disability

Mother of head age 68

Daughter age 24, full time student

Son age 22

Son age 16

Granddaughter age 2

Live-in aide age 38

- 23. Which family member(s) qualifies the family for an elderly/disabled allowance?
 - a. Spouse age 45, with disability
 - b. Mother of head age 68
 - c. Live-in aide age 38
 - d. Both a and b
 - e. None of the above
- 24. Of the following family members, who gets a dependent allowance?
 - a. Mother of head age 68
 - b. Daughter age 24, full time student
 - c. Son age 16
 - d. Both a and c
 - e. Both b and c
- 25. Whose medical expenses can be used to calculate the medical deduction (or allowance) for this family?
 - a. Spouse age 45, with disability
 - b. Son age 22
 - c. Son age 16
 - d. Granddaughter age 2
 - e. All of the above

Rent Concepts

- 26. Total Tenant Payment (TTP) is always 30% of adjusted monthly income.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 27. The payment standard for the housing choice voucher program is the maximum subsidy.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 28. Utility allowances are based on the actual amount paid by the family for utilities that are not included in the rent.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 29. A utility reimbursement payment must be paid directly to the family.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 30. PHAs must adopt minimum rent hardship exemption policies.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 31. Public Housing residents elect annually whether to pay an income-based rent or a flat rent.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 32. The utility allowance used in the housing choice voucher program is based on the actual size of the unit selected by the family.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 33. In the Housing Choice Voucher Program, the PHA adopts a payment standard schedule within the basic range of:
 - a. 80% to 100% of the published FMR
 - b. 90% to 110% of the published FMR
 - c. 100% to 120% of the published FMR
 - d. None of the above

HCV AND PUBLIC HOUSING PRE-TEST

- 34. For a family that holds a 4-bedroom family unit size voucher but selects a 3-bedroom unit, the payment standard to be used is:
 - a. The 3-bedroom payment standard from the PHA's schedule
 - b. The 4-bedroom payment standard from the PHA's schedule
 - c. The gross rent for the family's 3-bedroom unit
 - d. The rent to owner for the unit selected by the family
 - e. The amount determined by the PHA's rent reasonableness methodology
- 35. The maximum family share at initial occupancy in the housing choice voucher program, when the gross rent exceeds the payment standard, applies:
 - a. At any time the owner and family enter into a new lease agreement
 - b. Whenever the owner is requesting a rent increase
 - c. At each annual recertification conducted
 - d. For new admission families or when the family moves
 - e. All of the above
- 36. For a Public Housing resident paying flat rent, a recertification of family income must be conducted at least:
 - a. Once a year
 - b. Every two years
 - c. Every three years
 - d. Every four years
 - e. At the discretion of the PHA
- 37. A Public Housing resident who is paying a flat rent but has a hardship, may switch to an income-based rent under which circumstances?
 - a. Reduction of employment or other income
 - b. Death in the family
 - c. Increase in expenses such as medical or child care
 - d. In accordance with PHA policy
 - e. All of the above
- 38. The PHA must establish a minimum rent of:
 - a. \$25
 - b. \$50
 - c. \$100
 - d. Any amount from 0 up to \$50
 - e. Any amount from 0 up to \$100
- 39. Which type of family below would receive prorated assistance?
 - a. Elderly family
 - b. Disabled family
 - c. Displaced family
 - d. Mixed family
 - e. Family as determined by the PHA

Rental Integrity Monitoring and Verification

- 40. What is the primary purpose of a RIM Review?
 - a. To help PHAs improve their application and waiting list process
 - b. To help PHAs improve performance by reducing income and rent errors
 - c. To train PHA staff on HUD rules and regulations
 - d. None of the above
- 41. Which of the following are appropriate RIM follow-up activities?
 - a. Issue report to PHAs summarizing the results of the RIM review
 - b. Conduct on-site follow-up reviews
 - c. Provide technical assistance and/or training to PHA staff, including regular contact with PHAs to ensure progress is being made in correcting errors
 - d. Require PHAs to develop an improvement plan that identifies strategies and timeframes for correcting findings, deficiencies, errors, etc.
 - e. All of the above
- 42. Which of the following are up-front income verification sources?
 - a. State Wage Information Collection Agency (SWICA)
 - b. Tenant Assessment Sub-System (TASS)
 - c. Credit Bureau Association (CBA) Credit Reports
 - d. a and b only
 - e. all of the above
- 43. What are the benefits of using up-front income verification techniques?
 - a. It relies on information provided by an independent source rather than on information sources declared by the family.
 - b. It reduces the possibility of falsified verifications
 - c. It provides an incentive for participants to accurately report all sources of income
 - d. All of the above
- 44. The preferred order for obtaining verification of income, assets and allowances is:
 - a. Family declaration or certification, review of documents provided by family, third party written or oral, up-front verifications
 - b. Review of documents provided by family, third party written or oral, family declaration or certification, up-front verifications
 - c. Up-front verifications/third party written, third party oral, review of documents provided by family, family declaration or certification

HOUSING CHOICE VOUCHER CASE STUDY -

Use the provided HUD - 50058 forms to calculate the following case study. Mark the letter for the correct answer on your Scantron answer sheet. Credit will not be given for answers only listed on the 50058.

Cubzide City PHA is conducting an annual recertification for the Mathew family. Marilyn Mathew and her 3 children reside in a 3-bedroom unit that rents for \$1075. The unit has a \$135 Utility Allowance. Ms. Mathew works full time in a clothing store earning \$7.35 per hour. Ms. Mathew pays \$75 per child weekly to have someone come in to care for her two minor children. The care for Mary is necessary in order for Marilyn to work and is not reimbursed by another source. Marilyn also receives \$250 monthly child support for her daughters. Marcus is a full time student at the City College and earns \$175 weekly working in a bookstore. Due to Mary's disability, Marilyn receives \$500 a month State Developmental Disability Care Payments. Marilyn has a savings account with a balance of \$2,700 and an annual interest rate of 2%. She also has a retirement account (IRA) with a balance of \$6,800, which has an early withdrawal penalty of \$350. The IRA has an annual interest rate of 2.6%. After review of the tenant file, staff knows the following:

	NAME	D/O/B	Г	ISABLED	SSN				
HEAD	Marilyn Ma	thew 05	5/05/62	N		115-22-9003			
SON	Marcus Ma	thew 10	0/11/82	N		115-84-9908			
DAUGHTER	Mary Math	ew 08	3/24/87	Y		115-99-2828			
DAUGHTER	Marcia Mat	thew 12	2/05/94	N		115-18-6734			
Family Unit Size: 3									
Family Not Portable	·								
Family Not FSS Part	cicipant								
Security Deposit:	_	\$5	500						
Payment Standard:		\$ 1	1200						
PHA's Minimum Re	nt:	\$2	25						
HUD Approved Pass	sbook Rate:	2.	25%						
Most Recent TTP		\$2	243						

Based on this information, answer the questions 45 through 50:

45. Total Annual Income

- a. \$18,768
- b. \$18,999
- c. \$24,768
- d. \$27,388
- e. \$33,388

- 46. Imputed Asset Income
 - a. \$206
 - b. \$214
 - c. \$231
 - d. \$238
 - e. \$247
- 47. Total Allowances
 - a. \$4,860
 - b. \$5,340
 - c. \$7,230
 - d. \$8,670
 - e. \$9,240
- 48. Total Family Contribution
 - a. \$133
 - b. \$258
 - c. \$268
 - d. \$942
 - e. 0
- 49. Total Housing Assistance Payment
 - a. \$942
 - b. \$952
 - c. \$1,075
 - d. \$1,200
 - e. \$1,210
- 50. Family Rent to Owner
 - a. 0
 - b. \$123
 - c. \$133
 - d. \$258
 - e. \$1,075

Head of household name	Social Security Number	Date modified (mm/dd/yyyy)
------------------------	------------------------	----------------------------

6. Assets

6a. Fami	ily member e	No.	6b. Type of asset	6c. Calculation (PHA use)	6d. Cash value	of asset	6e. Anticipated Income		
					\$		\$		Ī
					\$		\$		
					\$		\$		
					\$		\$		
					\$		\$		
					\$		\$		
					\$		\$		
					\$		\$		
6f, 6g.	Column totals	S			\$	6f.	\$	6g.	
6h.	Passbook rat	e (writter	n as decimal)				0	6h.	
6i.	Imputed asse	t income	e: 6f X 6h (if 6f	is \$5,000 or less, put 0)			\$	6i.	
6j.	Final asset in	come: la	arger of 6g or 6	3i					

7. Income

7a. Family member name	No.	7b. Income Code	7c. Calculation (PHA use)	7d. Dollars per year	7e. Income exclusions	7f. Income after exclusions (7d minus 7e)
				\$	\$	\$
				\$	\$	\$
				\$	\$	\$
				\$	\$	\$
				\$	\$	\$
				\$	\$	\$
				\$	\$	\$
				\$	\$	\$
				\$	\$	\$
				\$	\$	\$
				\$	\$	\$
				\$	\$	\$
				\$	\$	\$
				\$	\$	\$
				\$	\$	\$
7 0.1	1	•	•	•	•	Φ 7-

7g. Column total \$ 7g.

7h. Reserved

7i. Total annual income: 6j + 7g \$ 7i.

7b: Income Codes

Wages:	Welfare:	SS/SSI/Pensions:	Other Income Sources:
B = own business	G = general assistance	P = pension	C = child support
F = federal wage	IW = annual imputed welfare income	S = SSI	E = medical reimbursement
HA = PHA wage	T = TANF assistance	SS = Social Security	I = Indian trust/per capita
M = military pay			N = other nonwage sources
W = other wage			U = unemployment benefits

Hea	nd of household name	Social	Security Number	Date modified (mm/dd/yy	уу)		
8.	Expected Income Per Y	ear					
8a.	Total annual income: copy from 7i				\$	8a.	
Pe	rmissible Deductions (Public	Housina	Only. If Section 8, Skip to 8f or	· 8a)			
	Family member name	No.	8c. Type of permissible deduction	8d. Amount			
			3,000	\$			
				\$			
				\$			
8e.	Total permissible deductions	 		\$ 8e			
		and no fan	nily member disabled, skip to 8q				
	Medical/disability threshold: 8a X 0			\$ 8f.			
8g.	Total annual unreimbursed disabilit to 8k)	y assistance	e expense (if no disability expenses, ski	p \$ 8g.			
8h.	Maximum disability allowance: If 8	g minus 8f is	s positive or zero, put amount	\$ 8h.			
	·	If negative	and head/spouse/co-head is under 62 sabled, put 0	\$ 8h.			
			and head/spouse/co-head is elderly or opy from 8g	\$ 8h.			
8i.	Earnings in 7d made possible by di	rnings in 7d made possible by disability assistance expense					
8j.	Allowable disability assistance expensed/spouse/co-head elderly or dis	\$ 8j.					
8k.	Total annual unreimbursed medica not disabled, put 0)	l expenses ((if head/spouse/co-head under 62 and	\$ 8k.			
8m	. Total annual disability assistance a expenses, copy from 8k)	\$ 8m.					
8n.	Medical/disability assistance allowa	If no disabi	llity assistance expenses or if 8g is less t 8m minus 8f (if 8m minus 8f is out zero)	\$ 8n.			
			assistance expenses and 8g is greater ual to 8f, copy from 8m	\$ 8n.			
8p.	Elderly/disability allowance (default	= \$400)		\$ 8p.			
8q.	Number of dependents (people und count head of household, spouse, of		th disability, or full-time student. Do no ster child/adult, or live-in aide).				
8r.	Allowance per dependent (default =	= \$480)		\$ 8r.			
8s.	Dependent allowance: 8q X 8r			\$ 8s.			
8t.	Total annual unreimbursed childcar	re costs		\$ 8t.			
8u.	Total annual travel cost to work/sch	nool (Indian	Housing only)	\$ 8u.			
8v.	Reserved						
8w	. Reserved						
0	Tatal allawaraaa Oo I Oo I Oo I Oo I O	. 01 . 0			1.	0	

8x.

8y.

\$

8x. Total allowances: 8e + 8n + 8p + 8s + 8t + 8u

8y. Adjusted annual income: 8a minus 8x (if 8x is larger, put 0)

Head of household name	Social Security Number	Date modified (mm/dd/yyyy)
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9. Total Tenant Payment (TTP)

9a. Total monthly income: 8a ÷ 12	\$ 9a.
9b. Reserved	
9c. TTP if based on annual income: 9a X 0.10	\$ 9c.
9d. Adjusted monthly income: 8y ÷ 12	\$ 9d.
9e. Percentage of adjusted monthly income: use 30% for Section 8	9e.
9f. TTP if based on adjusted annual income: (9d X 9e) ÷ 100	\$ 9f.
9g. Welfare rent per month (if none, put 0)	\$ 9g.
9h. Minimum rent (if waived, put 0)	\$ 9h.
9i. Enhanced Voucher minimum rent	\$ 9i.
9j. TTP, highest of lines 9c, 9f, 9g, 9h, or 9i	
9k. Most recent TTP	\$ 9k.
9m. Qualify for minimum rent hardship exemption? (Y or N)	9m.

Head of	household name	Social Securit	y Number	Date modifie	ed (mm/dd/yyy	y)			
12. 8	Section 8 Vouchers								
12a.	Number of bedrooms on Voucher						12a.		
12b.	Is family now moving to this unit?			12b.					
12c.	c. Does the family qualify as a Hard to House family? (Y or N)								
12d.									
12e.									
12f.	PHA code billed						12f.		
12g.	Housing type:		Group home (prorate gross	rent)		•			
	Own manufactured home, lease	space	SRO: 1 room occupied by 1	person					
12h.	Owner name						12h.		
12i.	Owner TIN/SSN						12i.		
12j.	Payment standard for the family			\$	12j.				
12k.	Rent to owner			\$	12k.				
12m.	Utility allowance, if any			\$	12m.				
12n.	Reserved			•					
12p.	Gross rent of unit: 12k + 12m (or Space Rent) \$ 12p.								
12q.	Lower of 12j or 12p (if Premerger Voucher contract, see Instruction Booklet) \$ 12q.								
12r.	TTP: copy from 9j \$ 12r.								
12s.	12s. Total HAP: 12q minus 12r \$ 12s.								
Rent	Calculation (if prorated rent, s	kip to 12ab)						
12t.	Total family share: 12p minus 12s \$ 12t.								
12u.	HAP to owner: lower of 12k or 12s			\$	12u.				
12v.	Tenant rent to owner: 12k minus 12u					\$	12v.		
12w.	Utility reimbursement to family: 12s m	inus 12u, but	do not exceed 12m			\$	12w.		
Prora	ted Rent Calculation			<u>.</u>					
12aa.	Reserved								
12ab.	Normal total HAP: copy from 12s, but	do not excee	d 12p			\$	12ab.		
12ac.	Total number eligible				12ac.				
12ad.	Total number in family				12ad.				
12ae.	Proration percentage: 12ac ÷ 12ad				12ae.				
12af.	f. Prorated total HAP: 12ab X 12ae 12af.								
12ag.	ag. Mixed family total family contribution: 12p minus 12af \$ 12ag.								
12ah.	ah. Utility allowance: copy from 12m \$ 12ah.								
	Mixed family tenant rent to owner: 12ag minus 12ah	If positive of	or 0, put tenant rent			\$	12ai.		
		If negative,	, credit tenant		or CR	\$	12ai.		
12aj.	aj. Prorated HAP to owner: 12k minus 12ai. If 12ai is negative, put 12k								
12ak. I	Reserved								